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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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10/675,858

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Masahiro Minowa

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HARNES, DICKEY & PIERCE, P.L.C.
P.O. BOX 828
BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MI 48303

EXAMINER

MCLEAN, NEIL R

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

2625

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DELIVERY MODE

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PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/675,858	Applicant(s) MINOWA, MASAHIRO	
	Examiner Neil R. McLean	Art Unit 2625	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 October 2007.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-9 and 12-16 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-9 and 12-16 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-16 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Regarding Applicant's Argument:

"According to the invention as recited in claims 1 and 13, the printer stores the image data. In contrast, neither Goring nor Warmus teach such a feature."
and;

"According to the invention of claims 1 and 13, a predetermined character string indicative of a print position is obtained. This feature is not taught or suggested by the prior art."
and;

"Similarly, the feature of claims 1 and 13 of obtaining a line number specified by the retrieved predetermined character string is not taught or suggested by the prior art."

Examiner's Response:

Goring does not disclose expressly wherein the printing apparatus stores in advance predetermined image data based on input information and a printing apparatus being arranged to print the predetermined image data by adding the image data upon receipt of the print data by the printing apparatus; and

obtaining a line number specified by the retrieved predetermined character string;

Okamoto (US 4,985,850) discloses wherein the printing apparatus stores in advance predetermined image data (e.g., RAM's 102a and 102b in Figure 7) based on input information (Column 3, lines 36-44) and a printing apparatus being arranged to print the predetermined image data by adding the image data upon receipt (e.g., Figures 8A-8D show how contents of the respective RAM's are combined) of the print data by the printing apparatus; and

obtaining a line number specified by the retrieved predetermined character string (Column 5, lines 23-28);

Goring & Okamoto are combinable because they are from the same field of endeavor, image processing; e.g., printing and configuring image data.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to have a printing apparatus that stores in advance predetermined image data based on input information and a printing apparatus that is arranged to print the predetermined image data by adding the image data upon receipt of the print data by the printing apparatus.

The suggestion/motivation for doing so is to have a printing system which has the ability to produce customized information, wherein a customized image is merged with

other standardized information and printed or displayed is a desirable feature when producing any kind of document. This allows the user to determine the exact appearance of a document.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Okamoto's method of storing and combining print information with Goring's method of printing a receipt to obtain the invention as specified in claim 1.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 1-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable by Goring (US 2002/0077892) in view of Okamoto (US 4,985,850).

Regarding Claim 1:

Goring discloses a method of controlling a printing apparatus having stored therein in advance predetermined image data so as to correspond to payment transaction print data ([0009], lines 1-2) generated based on input information

concerning merchandise sales ([0009], lines 2-3), the printing apparatus being arranged to print the predetermined image data by adding the image data upon receipt of the payment transaction print data by the printing apparatus, said method comprising the steps of:

obtaining the payment transaction print data ([0018], lines 1-6);

retrieving a predetermined character string ([0018], lines 10-12) indicative of a print position of the image data to be printed from the payment transaction print data;

(Note: It is inherent that character information in a code format, e.g., a character string which has been transmitted/retrieved from an external apparatus such as a host computer or the like and is received by a data input unit, for instance, an interface is converted into dot information in a bit image format. Such a procedure is well known in the art.)

and

adding the image data to the payment transaction print data (FIG. 2 illustrates a coupon/receipt printed with a fixed graphic based on the obtained location ([0019]) so as to print the image data with a position specified by location serving as a reference ([0018], lines 6-9) to obtain, a synthesized print result.

Goring does not disclose expressly wherein the printing apparatus stores in advance predetermined image data based on input information and a printing apparatus being arranged to print the predetermined image data by adding the image data upon receipt of the print data by the printing apparatus; and

obtaining a line number specified by the retrieved predetermined character string;

Okamoto discloses wherein the printing apparatus stores in advance predetermined image data (e.g., RAM's 102a and 102b in Figure 7) based on input information (Column 3, lines 36-44) and a printing apparatus being arranged to print the predetermined image data by adding the image data upon receipt (e.g., Figures 8A-8D show how contents of the respective RAM's are combined) of the print data by the printing apparatus; and

obtaining a line number specified by the retrieved predetermined character string (Column 5, lines 23-28);

Goring & Okamoto are combinable because they are from the same field of endeavor, image processing; e.g., printing and configuring image data.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to have a printing apparatus that stores in advance predetermined image data based on input information and a printing apparatus that is arranged to print the predetermined image data by adding the image data upon receipt of the print data by the printing apparatus.

The suggestion/motivation for doing so is to have a printing system which has the ability to produce customized information, wherein a customized image is merged with other standardized information and printed or displayed is a desirable feature when producing any kind of document. This allows the user to determine the exact appearance of a document.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Okamoto's method of storing and combining print information with Goring's method of printing a receipt to obtain the invention as specified in claim 1.

Regarding Claim 2:

Goring further discloses a method according to claim 1, further comprising the steps of:

generating an image addition setting command based on the obtained location ([0020]); and

transmitting the payment transaction print data and the image addition setting command to the printing apparatus ([0022]);

wherein the printing apparatus adds the image data to the payment transaction print data based on a result of analysis of the image addition setting command ([0019]).

Regarding Claim 3:

Goring further discloses a method according to claim 2, wherein the predetermined character string is a start character string indicative of a position to start addition of the image data ([0020]); and

wherein, in the step of obtaining the location, a location specified by the start character string is obtained ([0018], lines 14-22).

Regarding Claim 4:

Goring further discloses a method according to claim 2, wherein the predetermined character string is made up of a start character string indicative of a position to start addition of the image data, and an end character string indicative of a position to end addition of the image data ([0021]);

wherein, in the step of obtaining the location, a plurality of location to be specified by the start character string and by the end character string are obtained ([0021]).

Regarding Claim 5:

Goring further discloses a method according to claim 4, wherein the printing apparatus has stored therein a plurality of image data files which are files of the image data ([0014]). the method further comprising the steps of:

storing (See Image Database 200 in Figure 1) a definition table ("Other storage structures may be employed, such as a linking **table**") in which the start character string and the end character string are correlated with image designation data for designating an image data file out of a plurality of image data files stored in the printing apparatus ("Once the image information is stored, either **locally** or through a Universal Resource Locator (URL) also known as an Internet address, an image database 200 may be established"; and

obtaining, from the definition table, image designation data which are related to the extracted start character string and the end character string, wherein, in the step of

generating the image addition setting command, the image addition setting command is generated on the basis of the obtained location and the image designation data ([0017]).

Regarding Claim 6:

Goring further discloses a method according to claim 4, further comprising the step of setting at least one of the start character string and the end character string ([0021]).

Regarding Claim 7:

Goring further discloses a method according to claim 6, further comprising the step of setting image designation data in which the image designation data are set in correlation with at least one of the start character string and the end character string to be set in the step of setting the character string ([0018], lines 14-22);

Regarding Claim 8:

Goring further discloses a method according to claim 4, further comprising the step of setting the location in which, in the step of obtaining the location, setting is made as to which is obtained between the location in the start character string and the location which is one line below the start character string, and setting is made as to which is obtained between the location in the end character string and the location

which is one line above the end character string ([0018], lines 14-22);

Regarding Claim 9:

Goring discloses all the limitations of Claim 2; however

Goring does not disclose expressly wherein the printing apparatus is capable of performing color printing, the method further comprising the step of setting a printing color of the image data, wherein the image addition setting command includes a parameter showing the printing color.

Okamoto discloses wherein the printing apparatus is capable of performing color printing (Column 2, lines 54-57; See Figure 1), the method further comprising the step of setting a printing color of the image data (e.g., Colors stored in RAM a and RAM b described on Column 2, lines 58-68), wherein the image addition setting command includes a parameter showing the printing color (Column 3, lines 39-44).

Goring & Okamoto are combinable because they are from the same field of endeavor, image processing; e.g., printing and configuring image data.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to have a printing apparatus and setting command capable of color printing.

The suggestion/motivation for doing so would be to enhance the clarity and display of the text and images. Some customers prefer to see ads in color, and colors may compel people to read ads and take note of the advertisement.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Okamoto's color printer with Goring's method of printing a receipt to obtain the invention as specified in claim 9.

Regarding Claim 10:

Cancelled

Regarding Claim 11:

Cancelled

Regarding Claim 12:

Goring teaches a printer driver for enabling a computer to execute the steps of the method of controlling a printing apparatus according to claim 1.

Note: A device driver is an **inherent feature** that allows a computer to control printers, displays, disk drives, CD-ROM readers and so on in order to convert the more general input/output instructions of the operating system to messages that the device type can understand.

Regarding Claim 13:

Goring discloses a printing apparatus which stores receipt print data ([0009], lines 1-2) by adding image data ([0009], lines 1-2) to payment transaction print data

([0018], lines 1-6) generated by a host computer based on input information concerning merchandise sales, the printing apparatus comprising:

means for storing the image data (The program code or device which performs the function described in [0017];

means for obtaining the payment transaction print data from the host computer data (The program code or device which performs the function described in [0018], lines 1-6);

means for obtaining from the host computer an image addition setting command for printing with the image data being added (The program code or device which performs the function described in [0020]);

means for analyzing the image addition setting command to thereby obtain a location indicative of a print position of the image data (The program code or device which performs the function described in [0020]); and

means for generating the receipt print data by adding the image data to the payment transaction print data based on the location (The program code or device which performs the function described in [0019].

Goring does not disclose expressly wherein the printing apparatus stores in advance predetermined image data based on input information and a printing apparatus being arranged to print the predetermined image data by adding the image data upon receipt of the print data by the printing apparatus; and

obtaining a line number specified by the retrieved predetermined character string;

Okamoto discloses wherein the printing apparatus stores in advance predetermined image data (e.g., RAM's 102a and 102b in Figure 7) based on input information (Column 3, lines 36-44) and a printing apparatus being arranged to print the predetermined image data by adding the image data upon receipt (e.g., Figures 8A-8D show how contents of the respective RAM's are combined) of the print data by the printing apparatus; and

obtaining a line number specified by the retrieved predetermined character string (Column 5, lines 23-28);

Goring & Okamoto are combinable because they are from the same field of endeavor, image processing; e.g., printing and configuring image data.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to have a printing apparatus that stores in advance predetermined image data based on input information and a printing apparatus that is arranged to print the predetermined image data by adding the image data upon receipt of the print data by the printing apparatus.

The suggestion/motivation for doing so is to have a printing system which has the ability to produce customized information, wherein a customized image is merged with other standardized information and printed or displayed is a desirable feature when producing any kind of document. This allows the user to determine the exact appearance of a document.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Okamoto's method of storing and combining print information with Goring's method of printing a receipt to obtain the invention as specified in claim 13.

Regarding Claim 14:

Goring discloses all the limitations of Claim 2; however

Goring does not disclose expressly wherein the printing apparatus is capable of performing color printing, the method further comprising the step of setting a printing color of the image data, wherein the image addition setting command includes a parameter showing the printing color.

Okamoto discloses wherein the printing apparatus is capable of performing color printing (Column 2, lines 54-57; See Figure 1), the method further comprising the step of setting a printing color of the image data (e.g., Colors stored in RAM a and RAM b described on Column 2, lines 58-68), wherein the image addition setting command includes a parameter showing the printing color (Column 3, lines 39-44).

Goring & Okamoto are combinable because they are from the same field of endeavor, image processing; e.g., printing and configuring image data.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to have a printing apparatus and setting command capable of color printing.

The suggestion/motivation for doing so would be to enhance the clarity and display of the text and images. Some customers prefer to see ads in color, and colors may compel people to read ads and take note of the advertisement.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Okamoto's color printer with Goring's method of printing a receipt to obtain the invention as specified in claim 14.

Regarding Claim 15:

Goring teaches a merchandise sales data processing apparatus having the printing apparatus according to Claim 13; and

a host computer which controls the printing apparatus ([0026]) by transmitting the payment transaction print data and the image addition setting command to the printing apparatus, wherein the host computer comprises:

means for generating the payment transaction print data ([0026]);

means for retrieving a predetermined character string indicative of a print position of the image data to be printed from the payment transaction print data string (The program code or device which performs the function described in [0018]);

means for obtaining the location specified by the extracted predetermined character string (The program code or device which performs the function described in [0018]);

means for generating the image addition setting command based on the obtained location (The program code or device which performs the function described in [0020]);
and

means for transmitting the payment transaction print data and the image addition setting command to the printing apparatus (The program code or device which performs the function described in [0018].

Regarding Claim 16:

Goring teaches a POS system comprising:
the merchandise sales data processing apparatus according to claim 15; and
a POS server ([0026], lines 1) for managing the merchandise sales data processing apparatus, the POS server being connected to the merchandise sales data processing apparatus through a network (service provider described in [0026].

Regarding Claim 17:

Cancelled

Conclusion

1. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Parks et al. (US 5,025,396) teaches a method of merging an alphanumeric data stream with a digitized image file.
2. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

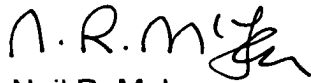
Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Neil R. McLean whose telephone number is 571.270.1679. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 7:30AM-5:00PM EST.

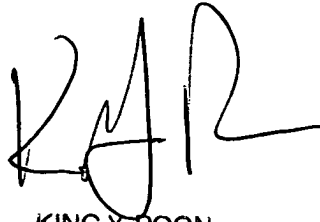
If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, King Poon can be reached on 571.272.7440. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Neil R. McLean
1/08/2008


KING Y. POON
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER